

Ten ways to make RVing Safer:

Tires – Inflate properly and inspect frequently for potential damage

Propane – Check your lines for any leaks by spraying with soapy water. If you see any bubbles or smell any gas, shut off the gas at the tank and immediately contact your service dealer.

Electricity – Do not overload your electrical system. Even if you have a 30 or 50 amp system, using your air conditioner, microwave and hair dryer at the same time will most likely blow a fuse or trip a circuit breaker. Check your running lights, headlights, taillights, and turn signals.

Batteries – if you have maintainable batteries, inspect and refill them with distilled water. If you have non-maintainable batteries, inspect them for corroded terminals. If they're old, replace them.

Smoke, CO, and LP Detectors – inspect them, test them, and replace batteries at least every 6 months.

Water – check for leaks and seepage. Leaks can cause structural damage. Use a pressure regulator at a campground faucet before connecting. If your water tank is full, drain it occasionally and refill with fresh water.

Roof – Inspect your roof at least every 6 months and caulk where needed, even around vents, air conditioner, satellite dishes or your antenna.

Wiper Blades – Replace wiper blades every 6 months. If you can't see you shouldn't be driving.

Closets, Nooks, and Crannies – inspect them for damage caused by mice or insects. Mice can chew through electrical wiring, insulation, and walls. Spiders love propane and will build impenetrable webs inside the water heater tube.

Damp Climates can cause mold or mildew which can make you sick. A dehumidifier can help prevent allergies.